

Multi-Sectoral Engagement and Coordination Approaches for HPV Vaccine National Scale-up

Directorate of Immunization

Ministry of Health, Republic of Indonesia

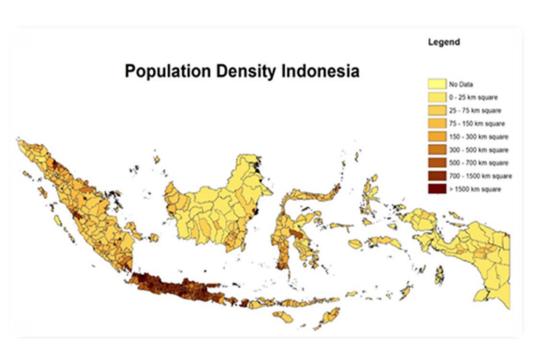


OUTLINE

- National Strategy to Scale-up of HPV vaccination
- Policy and Implementation of HPV Vaccination Program
- Multisectoral mapping, capacity, collaboration, and action for the HPV vaccination program
- Conclusions



Indonesia Context



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- https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/NY.GNP.PCAP.CD?locations=ID
- https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/SP.DYN.LE00.IN?locations=ID&display=graph
- https://www.kemkes.go.id/id/dashboard-puskesmas
- https://www.bps.go.id/id/statistics-

table/3/VWtKTmFFbDZaSFJWWVhOYU16WmhaRzlCYIM5Wlp6MDkjMw==/jumlah-sekolah--guru--dan-murid-sekolah-dasar--sd--di-bawah-kementerian-pendidikan--kebudayaan--riset--dan-teknologi-menurut-provinsi--2022.html?year=2023

- 5. https://www.bps.go.id/id/statistics
 - able/3/VUUxWVltazBUbll1VG5veWNlbFliek5uYmtGSVp6MDkjMw==/jumlah-sekolah--guru--dan-murid nadrasah-aliyah--ma--di-bawah-kementerian-agama-menurut-provinsi--2022.html?year=2023
- https://www.bps.go.id/id/statistics-table/2/MzAxIzI=/angka-partisipasi-sekolah---a-p-s--.htm

Demographic

- 38 provinces, 514 districts, and 17,504 islands
- More than 270 million inhabitants with 1,340 ethics

Income and social economics

- GNI per capita \$3,400 (2016), \$4,070 (2019), \$3,900 (2020) and \$4,870 (2023) categorized Upper MICs¹
- Life expectancy at birth from 63 years in 1990 to 71.91 years in 2021²

Health systems

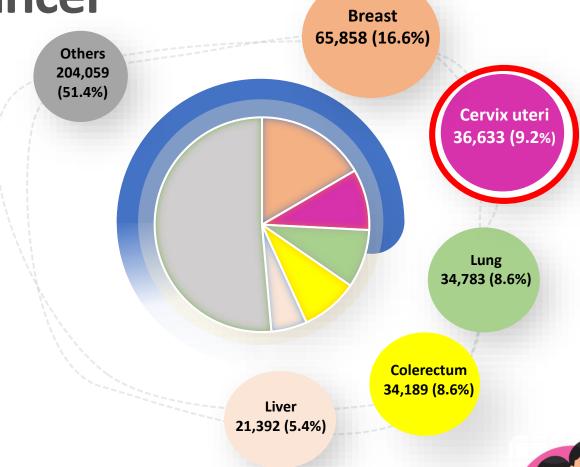
- Decentralization
- 10,292 primary health facilities³
- 148,758 elementary schools⁴ (MoE) and 10,130⁵ (MoRA) and school participation 99.1% (2023)⁶
- Multisectoral approaches



Burden of Disease of Cancer

(Indonesia)

Cervical cancer ranks as **the 2nd most frequent cancer** among women in
Indonesia (15 – 44 years)



Source: WHO Fact sheet 2023 Indonesia HPV and related cancers



Source: Globocan 2020



Scale up of HPV Vaccine Introduction in Indonesia

The cMYP 2020 - 2024 and revised the cMYP 2022 - 2024

2016 2018 **Professional organization** Province of Province of 2017 **DKI Jakarta** Surabaya City – **ITAGI**: two doses of HPV Yogyakarta PIE of HPV and Academics (5 districts/cities) Province of East Java vaccine - WHO PQ and (2 districts) Vaccination licensed by Indonesia NRA (1 city) (NADFC) Manado City – Province Post Marketing Coverage of North Sulawesi and Surveillance (PMS) 2019 2020 Makassar – Province of Survey Cost of Analysis of HPV South Sulawesi Vaccination in Indonesia (2 districts) Karanganyar and

Sukoharjo – Province of Centra Java (2 districts)

2022

All districts in
Province of Bali,
Province of East Java,
and Central Java
(120 districts)

August 2023

Nationwide (514 districts/cities) Targeting 2.1 million girls







Policy and Implementation: HPV Vaccination Program

Every school girl and out-of-school girl as HPV immunization target has the right to receive two doses of HPV vaccine, which are beneficial in preventing cervical cancer – Free of Charge



The central government is responsible for procuring vaccines and local government – operational cost



Integrated with school-based immunization program (BIAS)

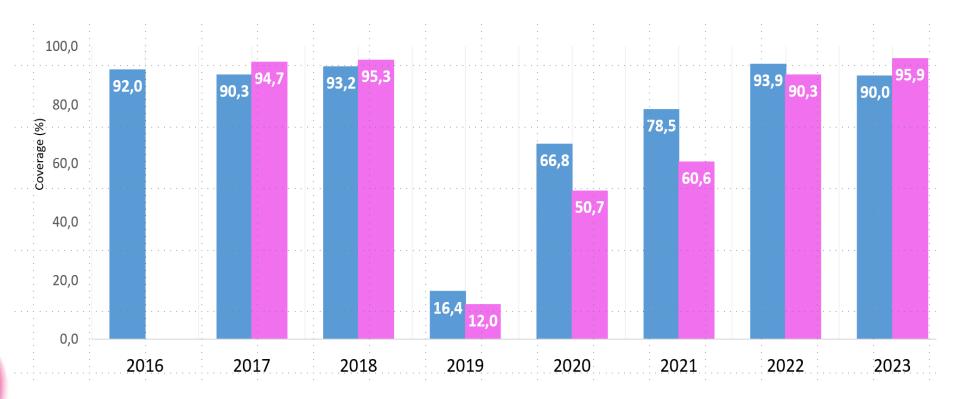
Target Coverage 90%

Target			
School	Out-of-school	Vaccine	Month
Grade 1	7 years old	Measles-Rubella DT	August November
Grade 2	8 years old	Td	November
Grade 5	11 years old	Td HPV (first dose)*	November August
Grade 6	12 years old	HPV (second dose)*	August

^{*)} Catch-up immunization HPV until November for school girls who missed the HPV vaccine on the day of immunization service



Coverage of HPV Vaccination 2016 - 2023





EPI Buletin, MoH Indonesia 2016 – 2022 and ASIK in 2023



Challenges



Infodemics

Hoax, negative issues, halal – haram vaccine

Reaching the OOS girls

Limited information on the true size of out-of-school (OOS) population and its location

Yaccine Availability

HPV Vaccine stock out and high price

Reporting and recording

Transition from manual to digital reporting and recording



Multisector Mapping in the National HPV Vaccination Program

Ministry Ministry Indonesia NRA Ministry of Social Affairs of Finance of Planning (Bappenas) Parliament (NADFC) **Professional** Media/ **EPI Ministry of Health** Organization PHO DHO Ministry of Journalist (IPS, HOGI, **PHC Puskesmas** Education IDI,etc) **HPV Vaccination** and other HFs Army, Police Ministry of Program Schools/teachers Biofarma & Religious **Affairs** Directorate of Vaccine ITAGI DTO. **AEFI Directorate of** Manufacture HRD, MOH Ministry of MOH Committee Pharmaceutical, MoH **Home Affairs** Community/ NGOs / CSOs **Bureau of planning Directorate of Health** Religion and budgeting, MoH **Promotion, MOH** Organization Development partners **Parents Academics Private Sectors** (WHO, UNICEF, UNDP, CHAI, Gavi)

28 inter/cross sectors, Forming a partnership of non-profit organizations, private organizations public organizations, and community members

In 2022: Joint decree from four Ministers (MoH, MoE, MoRA, and MoHA) to support the implementation of HPV vaccination program



Multisector Coordination





Strategy 1.1: Secure sufficient, affordable, and reliable HPV vaccines, Prioritizing the local procurement of high-quality products.

- Plan for and ensure an adequate budget for the Ministry of Health to procure HPV vaccines as part of the overall national cervical cancer elimination commitment.
- Tap into traditional and innovative financing mechanisms to increase funding for vaccine procurement.

Strategy 1.2: Increase the quality and coverage of vaccine delivery

- Ensure multi-stakeholder and inter-sectoral government commitments for the nationwide rollout and implementation of the HPV vaccination Program
- Ensure equity in the availability and accessibility of catch-up opportunities across provinces and for the most marginalized groups, including considerations for alternative community locations and providers.

Strategy 1.3: Improve efficiency of vaccine delivery

- Annually review local and international scientific evidence on HPV vaccine effectiveness.
- Use local data from immunization registries and other monitoring platforms to identify regional or population coverage gaps, as well as manage inventory and stock-outs to ensure access for eligible populations.

Multisector Action and Coordination

Integrated Planning and Implementation

Ministry of Education and Ministry of Religious Affairs, Pharmacy Unit, Nat.Vaccine Manufacture and NRA

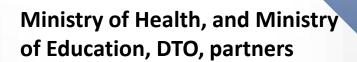


Using health promotion efforts at school (UKS) and school committees to facilitate collaboration between health and education sectors (158,888 schools for 2,1 million girls)



Coordination with pharmacy unit, Indonesia NRA and national vaccine manufacture to support the availability of HPV vaccination

Resource Optimization





Training HWs and education officials in delivering the HPV vaccine (6,900 health workers and 282,900 personnel schools)



Training multi sectors to support the implementation of HPV vaccination program



Included HPV vaccination – electronic reporting and recording (ASIK, and SMILE) and survey

Communication Strategies

Directorate of Health Promotion, professional organization, private sectors and media



Develop IEC material and campaign, a comprehensive communication strategy – awareness of HPV vaccination (e.g. social media and WA reminder for HPV vaccination)



Established channels to address the misinformation quicky to maintain trust community (WA chatbot)



What they did to support the HPV vaccination program?

Multisector engagement

Address the complex challenges to improve vaccination coverage and reduce inequalities and inequities for HPV vaccination

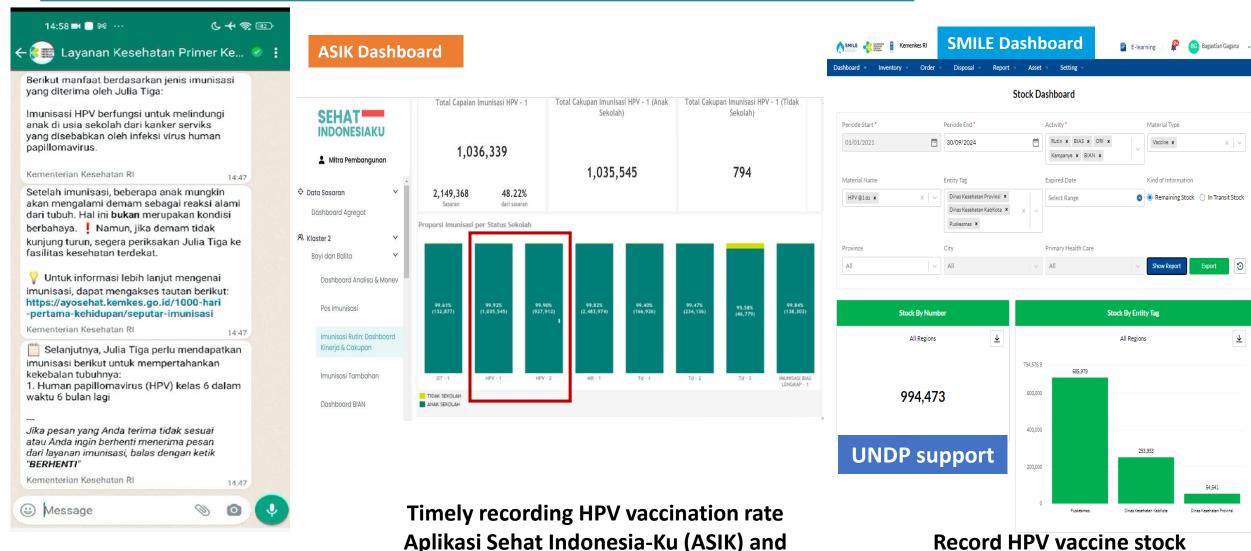






IEC campaign through various channels, raise national and subnational commitment, workshop for HWs and education officer, launching domestic product (Nusagrad), workshop with media journalis and published in 121 articles

Digitalization to support HPV vaccination services



develop dashboard

Digital Transformation Office (DTO)

What apps reminder

Record HPV vaccine stock through SMILE



Conclusion

- Joint Ministerial Decree by MoH, MoE, MoRa, and MoHA provides a strong framework for implementing the HPV vaccination program nationwide
- Collaboration with cross sectors to disseminate evidence-based messaging about the benefit of HPV vaccination can increase public awareness and acceptance



Thank you

